

# DATA SHEET



MODEL SSIG 06 475

VOLTAGE 6V

CAPACITY 475Ah @ 100Hr

MATERIAL Polypropylene

DIMENSIONS Inches (mm)

BATTERY Deep-Cycle Flooded/Lead Acid Battery

COLOR Maroon

WATERING Single-Point Watering Kit (Optional)



**6V** 

#### **PRODUCT + PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Model	Terminal Type <sup>D</sup>	Dimensions <sup>B</sup> Inches (mm)		Weight <sup>E</sup> Lbs. (kg)	HydroLink or SPWK	Handles	
		Length	Width	Height <sup>C</sup>			
SSIG 06 475	5	11.66 (296)	6.94 (176)	17.55 (446)	114 (52)	SPWK	Braided Rope

### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Voltage	Capacity Amp-Hours (Ah)					Energy (kWh)
6V	10-Hr	20-Hr	48-Hr	72-Hr	100-Hr	100-Hr
	393	428	441	459	475	2.85

# **CHARGING INSTRUCTIONS**

Charger Voltage Settings (at 77°F/25°C)					
System Voltage	6V	12V	24V	48V	
Maximum Charge Current (% of C <sub>20</sub> Rate)*	13%				
Maximum Absorption Phase Time (hours)	4				
Absorption Voltage **	7.35	14.70	29.40	58.80	
Float Voltage	6.75	13.50	27.00	54.00	
Equalization Voltage	8.10	16.20	32.40	64.80	

Do not install or charge batteries in a sealed or non-ventilated compartment. Constant under or overcharging will damage the battery and shorten its life as with any battery.













<sup>\*</sup>If charging time is limited contact Trojan Technical Support for assistance.

<sup>\*\*</sup>In cases where controller has a bulk voltage setting, use absorption voltage setting above.

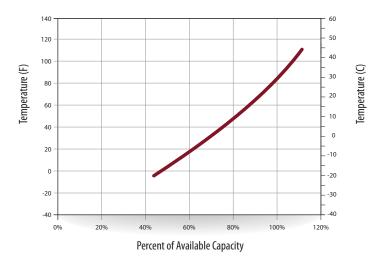
### **CHARGING TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION**

Add	Subtract
0.005 volt per cell for every 1°C be 0.0028 volt per cell for every 1°F k	

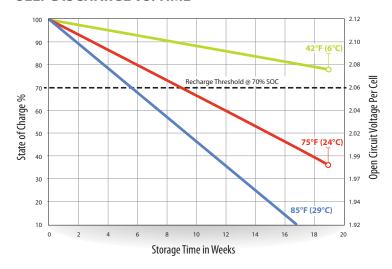
# **OPERATIONAL DATA**

Operating Temperature	Self Discharge
-4°F to 113°F (-20°C to +45°C). At temperatures below 32°F (0°C) maintain a state of charge greater than 60%.	5 – 15% per month depending on storage temperature conditions.

# PERCENT CAPACITY VS. TEMPERATURE



# **SELF DISCHARGE VS. TIME\***



# \*PERIODIC CHARGE

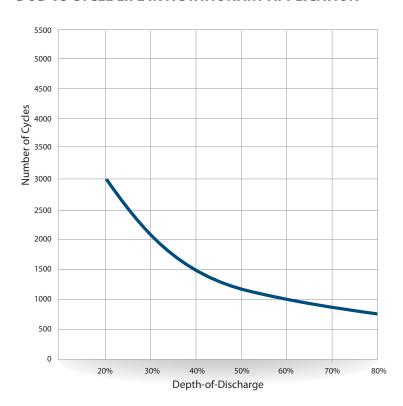
### **FREQUENCY**

Provide a periodic freshening charge to maintain a SOC greater than the threshold of 70%.

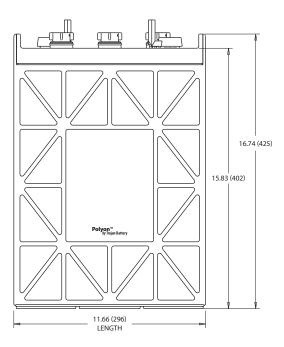
# **STATE OF CHARGE** MEASURE OF OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE

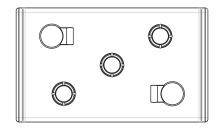
Percentage Charge	Specific Gravity	Cell	6-Volt
100	1.277	2.122	6.37
90	1.258	2.103	6.31
80	1.238	2.083	6.25
70	1.217	2.062	6.19
60	1.195	2.040	6.12
50	1.172	2.017	6.05
40	1.148	1.993	5.98
30	1.124	1.969	5.91
20	1.098	1.943	5.83
10	1.073	1.918	5.75

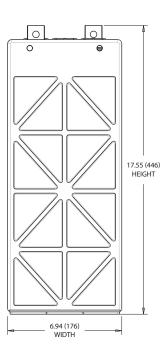
# **DOD VS CYCLE LIFE IN A STATIONARY APPLICATION**



### **DIMENSIONS** INCHES (MM) - shown with LT







# **TERMINAL CONFIGURATIONS**

5	ιτ	L-Terminal
		Terminal Height Inches (mm) 1.70 (43)
		Torque Values: in-lb (Nm) 95 – 105 (11 – 12)
		<b>Bolt Size</b> 5/16" - 18

# **EXPECTED LIFE VS. TEMPERATURE**

Chemical reactions internal to the battery are driven by voltage and temperature. The higher the battery temperature, the faster chemical reactions will occur. While higher temperatures can provide improved discharge performance the increased rate of chemical reactions will result in a corresponding loss of battery life. As a rule of thumb, for every 10°C increase in temperature the reaction rate doubles. Thus, a month of operation at 35°C is equivalent in battery life to two months at 25°C. Heat is an enemy of all lead acid batteries, FLA, AGM and gel alike and even small increases in temperature will have a major influence on battery life.



A. The amount of amp-hours (Ah) a battery can deliver when discharged at a constant rate at 86°F (30°C) and maintain a voltage above

B. Dimensions may vary depending on type of handle or terminal. Batteries should be mounted with 0.5 inches (12.7 mm) spacing minimum.

C. Height taken from bottom of the battery to the highest point on the battery. Heights may vary depending on type of terminal.