锂离子电芯规格书

Specification For Lithium-ion Rechargeable Cell

电芯型号: N18650CL-29

Cell Type: N18650CL-29

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1 Preface 前言

This specification describes the type, dimension, performance, technical characteristics, warnings and cautions of the lithium ion rechargeable cell. The specification only applies to N18650CL-29 cell supplied by Zhengzhou BAK Battery Co., Ltd.

2 Definition

2.1 Standard charge method

At 25 ± 2 °C, the cell is charged to 4.2 V at constant current of 0.5 C (1375 mA), then charged at constant voltage of 4.2 V until the current tapers to \leq 0.01C (28 mA) followed by resting for 5min.

 $25 \pm 2^{\circ} \text{C} + 0.5 \text{C} = (1375 \text{ mA}) + 4.2 \text{ V} + 4.2 \text{ V} + 0.01 \text{C} = (28 \text{mA}) + 5 \text{ s}$

2.2 Standard discharge method

Under 25 ± 2 °C, the cell is discharged to 2.5V at a constant current of 0.2C (550 mA). 25 ± 2 °C, 0.2C (550 mA) 2.5 V.

2.3 Nominal capacity

Nominal capacity, signed as capacity and using mAh as unit, is obtained by discharging a cell via standard discharge method after it is standard charged.

Cap. (mAh.

3 Cell model and dimensions

3.1 Description and model

Description: Cylindrical Li-ion rechargeable

cell

Model:N18650CL-29

3.2 Cell dimensions 电芯尺寸

Cell physical dimensions listed in Figure 1 (unit: mm), with tube. 1 mm.

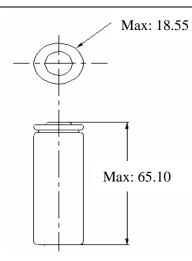


Figure 1/图 1

4 Cell characteristics 电芯特性

Unless otherwise specified, the cell is fresh cell and tested by standard charge and standard discharge. \circ

	ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Capacity	Nominal capacity	2900mAh by standard charge and discharge
	Minimum capacity	2800mAh by standard charge and discharge
	Nominal voltage	3.6 V
	Charge cut-off voltage	4.2 V
:	Discharge cut-off voltage	2.5 V
	Max charge current	1C (25°C, not for cycle life)
Max discharge current		3C (25℃, not for cycle life)
Storage temperature 存储温度		1 year: -20~25 °C (1: -20~25 °C) 3 months: -20~45 °C (3: -20~45 °C) month: -20~60 °C (1: -20~60 °C)
	Humidity range	0 ~ 60% RH (Non-condensing)

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Internal resistance	≤ 35 mΩ(AC Impedance, 1000 Hz)
Weight	≤ 48g

5 Technical requirements

5.1 Cell operating conditions

Charge temperature : $0 \sim 45^{\circ}$

Discharge temperature : $-20 \sim 60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

5.2 Cell testing conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all tests stated should be done at 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C.

5.3 Requirement of the testing equipment

The voltage measurement device: not less than 0.5

grade

The current measurement device: not less than 0.5 grade

AC Impedance: 1000 Hz

Temperature meter: precision ≤ 0.5 °C

The size measurement device: ±0.1%

The quality measurement device: ±0.1%

5.4 Electrochemical characteristics 电化学特性

Unless otherwise specified, the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be fresh cell and tested by standard charge and discharge of the cell should be cell shoul

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No.	Item	Test method and conditions	Criterion
5.4.1	Rate discharge capability	 (1) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C; (2) Discharge: 0.2C, 0.5C, 1C, 2C, 3C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.5 V. 	Current Relative Capacity 0.2C 100% 0.5C ≥95% 1C ≥90% 2C ≥90% 3C ≥85%
	Room temperature	 (1) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C (28 mA); (2) Discharge: 1C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.75V. 	Discharge capacity of 801th cycle Original discharge capacity 80%
5.4.2	cycle life	 (1) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.15V followed by 4.15V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.05C (138 mA); (2) Discharge: 1C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 3.00V. 	Discharge capacity of 1001th cycle Original discharge capacity ≥ 80%

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5.4.3	High-low temperature discharge performance	 (1) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C at 25±2°C; (2) Discharge: 1C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.5V at 25°C, 60°C, 45°C, 0°C, -10°C, -20°C. 	Temperature 25 ℃ 60 ℃ 45 ℃ 0 ℃ -10 ℃ -20 ℃	Relative Capacity 100% ≥100% ≥100% ≥85% ≥80% ≥70%
5.4.4	Storage performance at 25°C (100% SOC)	 (1) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C; Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.5V, to obtain the initial capacity; (2) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C; (3) Stored at 25 ±2°C for 28 days; (4) Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.5V, to obtain the residual capacity; (5) Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current ≤ 0.01C; Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage ≤ 2.5V, to obtain the recovery capacity. 	Capacity Residual capacity Recovery capacity Initial capacity	Relative Capacity ≥85% ≥90% 100%

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5.4.5	Storage performance at 60°C (100% SOC)	(2) (3) (4) (5)	Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current \leq 0.01C at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C; Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage \leq 2.5V at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, to obtain the initial capacity; Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current \leq 0.01C at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C; Stored at $60\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 28 days; Kept at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 5 hours; Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage \leq 2.5V at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, to obtain the residual capacity; Charge: 0.5C constant current charge to 4.2V followed by 4.2V constant voltage charge to cut-off current \leq 0.01C at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C; Discharge: 0.2C constant current discharge to cut-off voltage \leq 2.5 V at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, to	Capacity Residual capacity Recovery capacity	Relative Capacity ≥80% ≥85%
			obtain the recovery capacity.	Initial capacity	100%

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5.5 Environmental and safety characteristics 环境适应性能和安全性能

NO. 序号	ITEM 测试项目	CRITERION 性能标准	TESTING METHOD 测试条件与方法	STANDARD 标准
5.5.1	Vibration	No fire, No explosion, No leakage, The maximum mass loss ≤0.1%	After standard fully charge, cell shall be attached to a vibration table directly and subjected to vibration that consists of 10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz at the speed of 1Hz/min in 90~100mins. The total excursion of the vibration is 0.8mm (0.060 inches). The cell shall be vibrated in each direction along axis of the cylinder and the vertical directions of axis of the cylinder.	UL1642
5.5.2	Drop test	No fire No explode	The cell is charged following the standard charge method; The cells is dropped three times from a height of 1.0 m onto a concrete floor, to obtain impacts in random orientations, at $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$;Observation of 1 h.	IEC62133
5.5.3	Overcharge test	No fire No explode	The cell is discharged following the standard discharge method. Apply a 8.4V power supply and a 2C charge current for 24hrs.	UN38.3
5.5.4	Forced Discharge test	No fire No explode	Cell shall first be discharged according to standard discharge method, then the cell is subjected to a reverse charge at 1C for 90 min at 25±2°C	IEC62133
5.5.5	130°C hot oven test	No fire No explode	The cell is charged following the standard charge method. After charging the cell is put in the oven. And then the oven temperature will be ramped at 5°C per minute to 130°C and held at 130°C. When the temperature of the cell reach 130°C, the cell is maintained in the 130°C oven for a maximum of 30 minute or until a fire or explosion is obtained, whichever comes first.	GB31241

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5.5.6	Crush test	No fire No explode	After charging a cell following the standard charge method, the cell shall be crushed between two flat surfaces. The direction of the crushing force shall be vertical to axis of the cylinder. The crushing force is to be applied by a hydraulic ram with a 32mm diameter piston. Crushing force is approximately 13 KN. Once the maximum pressure has been obtained it is to be released.	UL1642
5.5.7	Short circuit test at room temperature	No fire No explode	Cell shall first be charged according to standard charge method, and then cell is to be short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals of the cell with copper wire having a maximum resistance load of $80\pm20\mathrm{m}\Omega$. This test is done at room temperature. Monitor the cell temperature while testing. The cell is continuously discharged until the cell case temperature has returned to be $10^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ less then peak temperature.	UL1642

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5.5.8	Short circuit test at 55°C	No fire No explode	Cell shall first be charged according to standard charge method, and then cell is to be short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals of the cell with copper wire having a maximum resistance load of $80\pm20\mathrm{m}\Omega$. This test is done at $55\pm5^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$. Monitor the cell temperature while testing. The cell is continuously discharged until the cell case temperature has returned to be $10^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ less then peak temperature.	UL1642
5.5.9	Thermal cycling	No fire, No explosion, no leakage	After fully charged according to the standard charge method, the cell is put in an oven. Then 1. Raising the chamber temperature from Room temperature to 70°C within 30 min and keep the cell under 70°C for 4 hrs. 2. Reducing the chamber temperature from 70°C to 20°C within 30 min and maintaing this temperature for 2 hrs. 3. Reducing the chamber temperature from 20°C to -40°C within 30 min and keep the cell under -40°C for 4 hrs. 4. Raising the chamber temperature from -40°C to 20°C within 30 min. 5. Repeat the sequence for a further 9 cycles. Afterwards, the cell is observed for a minimum of 24 hrs.	UL1642

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5.5.10	Low Pressure test	No fire, No explosion, No leakage, The maximum mass loss ≤0.1%	Cell shall first be charged according to standard charge method, and then cell is to be stored at an absolute pressure of 11.6 kPa for six hours at ambient temperature.	UL1642		
Note	All above safety tests will be conducted at 25 °C ±2 °C except where specified differently. Use proper ventilation with protective equipment.					

6 Package picture



Small box Big box Pallet

(100pcs cells in a small box, 2 small boxes in a big box)

7 Shipment

The cell shall be shipped in voltage range of $3.5 \sim 3.8 \text{ V}$ or in accordance with customers' requirement. The remaining capacity before charging shall be changed depending on the storage time and conditions.

8 Warranty

The Warranty period of cell is made according to business contract. However, even though the problem occurs within this period, BAK won't replace a new cell for free as long as the problem is not due to the failure of BAK manufacturing process or is due to customers' abuse or misuse.

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BAK will not be responsible for the trouble caused by handling in violation of cautions in instructions.

BAK will not be responsible for the trouble caused by matching electric circuit, battery pack and charger.

BAK will not be responsible for any defect of cells caused during assembling after acceptance.

Storage and shipment requirement

9

Item	Conditions	Permissible
		time
	-20°C~ 60°C, 60% RH Max	Less than 1
	-20 C~ 00 C, 00% KH Max	month
Storage	20°C 45°C 600/ DH May	Less than 3
environment	-20°C~ 45°C, 60% RH Max	months
	20°C 25°C 600/ DH May	Less than 1
	-20°C~ 25°C, 60% RH Max	year

About long time storage:

If the cell needs to be stored for a long time, the cell's storage voltage should be $3.5 \sim 3.8$ V. Also, it is recommended to charge the cell every six months.

0

10 Warning and cautions in handling the lithium-ion cell 电芯使用时警告事项及注意事项

Lithium-ion rechargeable cells subjected to abuse can cause damage to the cell and/or personal injury. Please read and observe the standard cell precautions below before utilization.

Note 1. The customer is required to contact BAK in advance, if and when the customer needs other applications or operating conditions not described in this document.

Note 2. BAK will take no responsibility for any accident when the cell is used under other conditions not described in this document.

Warnings

To prevent the possibility of the cell from leaking, heating, explosion, please observe the following

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precautions: (It should be indicated especially in manual or instruction for users.)

1	Do not use and leave the cell near a heat source such as fire or heater.
2	Do not use or leave the cell under the blazing sun (or in heated car by sunshine).
	Do not use or leave the cell at very high temperature conditions (e.g., strong direct sunlight or a vehicle in
	extremely hot conditions). Otherwise, it can overheat or catch fire or its performance will be degenerate and its
3	service life will be decreased.
4	Do not short circuit, over-charge or over-discharge the cell.
5	Don't immerse the cell in water and seawater. Please put it in cool and dry environment if no using.
6	Don't reverse the positive and negative terminals
7	Do not disassemble or modify the cell.
	Do not transport or store the cell together with metal objects such as necklaces, hairpins, coins, etc.
8	Do not transport of store the een together with metal objects such as necklaces, nanphis, coms, etc.
	Make sure the cell is not with conspicuous damage or deformation.
9	
	Don't connect the cell to an electrical outlet directly.
10	, and the state of
	If the cell leaks and the electrolyte splashes into the eyes, rinse the eyes with clean running water immediately
	for at least 15 minutes, and go to hospital for treatment if necessary.
11	
12	Mixed use of cells of different types is not allowed.
12	
13	Keep the cell away from babies.

14	Do not directly solder the cell and pierce the cell with a nail or other sharp object
15	Do not strike, throw or trample the cell.
16	Use the cell charger specifically for that purpose when charging.
17	Please separate cells of different electrochemical systems from one another when disposing of secondary cells.
18	Clean the terminals with a dry cloth before use if the cell terminals are dirty. Otherwise power failure or charge failure may occur due to the poor connection with the instrument.
19	Cells should be removed from the device or charger immediately and not used again if they are over heat, give off odor, discolor or deform, or appear abnormally in any way during use, charging and storage.
20	The cell replacement shall be done only by either cell supplier or device supplier instead of the user.
21	Please tape the terminals to insulate cells before discarding them in case of fire and explosion.
22	Do not use cells in strong electrostatic and magnetic occasions, otherwise, it can cause safety problems easily.
23	Use of damaged cells is not permitted.
24	Make sure package designing will not cause cell damages.
25	Cell packing should be conducted strictly according to level range, any misuse of different levels should not be permitted.
26	Disassembling cells from pack or module is not permitted unless under the guidance of professional technicians.

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11 Restriction of hazardous substances

This model of lithium-ion cell is in accordance with our company's request of "The hazardous substances and material management standard" or customer's requirements.

12 Contact information

If you have any questions regarding the cell, please contact the following address:

1.ZHENGZHOU BAK BATTERY CO., Ltd

The intersection 300meters West of Zhongxin Road & BAK Avenue, Zhongmu Country, Zhengzhou City,

Henan, China. ZIP: 451450

Contact phone number: 0371-62033101

2. SHENZHEN BAK POWER BATTERY Co., Ltd

BAK Industrial Park on Kuichong Road, Dapeng District, Shenzhen. ZIP: 518119

Contact phone number: 0755-61886818

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13 Revision history

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